# STUDY & EVALUATION SCHEME FOR 3<sup>RD</sup> B. TECH. TEXTILE TECHNOLOGY

**Study & Evaluation Scheme (MCS)** 

## 3<sup>rd</sup> Year B. Tech TEXTILE TECHNOLOGY

## **Uttar Pradesh Textile Technology Institute Kanpur**

# Affiliated to DR. APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, LUCKNOW

#### 3<sup>rd</sup>YearV-Semester

## Effective from Session-2024-25

Sl.	Subject Codes	Subject	Po	eriod	.s	_	valua chem	ntion e			nd ester	Total	Credit
110.	0000	Subject	L	T	P	CT	TA	Total	PS	TE	PE		
1	BTT501	Textile Testing	3	1	0	20	10	30		70		100	4
2	BTT502	Fabric Structure & Design	3	1	0	20	10	30		70		100	4
3	BTT503	Chemical Processing of Textile-I	3	1	0	20	10	30		70		100	
	BTT051/ BTT052	Structure & Properties of Fibres / Multi & Long Fibre Spinning	3	0	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
	BTT054/ BTT060	Non-Woven Technology/Textured yarn Technology	3	0	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
6	BTT551	Textile testing Lab	0	0	2				50		50	100	1
7	BTT552	Fabric Structure & Design Lab	0	0	2				50		50	100	1
8	BTT553	Chemical Processing of Textile-I Lab	0	0	2				50		50	100	1
9	BTT554	Mini Project or Internship Assessment*	0	0	2			100				100	2
	BNC501/ BNC502	Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge/Constitution of India	2	0	0	15	10	25		50			
11		MOOCs (Essential for Hons Degree)											
		Total	17	3	8							900	23

<sup>\*</sup>The Mini Project or internship (3-4 weeks) conducted during summer break after II semester and will be assessed during III semester.

## **Study & Evaluation Scheme (MCS)**

## 3<sup>rd</sup> Year B. Tech TEXTILE TECHNOLOGY

## **Uttar Pradesh Textile Technology Institute Kanpur**

## Affiliated to

## DR. APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, LUCKNOW

3<sup>rd</sup> Year VI -Semester

**Effective from Session-2024-25** 

Sl. No.	Subject Codes	Subject	I	Perio	ds		alua hem			End Semester		Total	Credit
		2 2 mg - 11	L	T	P	CT	TA	Total	PS	TE	PE		
1	BTT601	Yarn Manufacture-III	3	1	0	20	10	30		70		100	4
2	BTT602	Fabric manufacture-III	3	1	0	20	10	30		70		100	4
3	BTT603	Chemical Processing of Textile-II	3	1	0	20	10	30		70		100	4
4	BTT061/BTT062	Theory of Textile Structure / Clothing Science	3	0	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
5	BOE060-069	Open Elective-I	3	0	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
6	BTT651	Yarn Manufacture-III Lab	0	0	2				50		50	100	1
7	BTT652	Fabric manufacture-III Lab	0	0	2				50		50	100	1
8	BTT653	Chemical Processing of Textile-II Lab	0	0	2				50		50	100	1
9	BNC601/BNC602	Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge/Constitution of India	2	0	0	15	10	30		70			
10		MOOCs (Essential for Hons. Degree)											
		Total	17	3	6	150	100	250	75	500	75	800	21

Open Elective-I: As per AKTU Lucknow

# 3<sup>rd</sup> B. Tech (Textile Technology) 5<sup>th</sup> Semester

## 1. Textile Testing (BTT501)(L TP 3 1 0) Credit4

Cou	rse Code	Course Title									
BTT-	501	Textile Testing									
Cours	se Outcome	es									
CO1	Determine various tensile properties of yarns and fabrics										
CO2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
CO3		evenness of fibre, yarn and other textile strands and interpret the results of am, diagram, and classimat.									
CO4		ing strength, tearing strength, pilling, air permeability, crimp, thickness, weight and cover factor of fabrics.									
CO5	thermal tr	vater repellency, shrinkage, measurement of fastness to light and rubbing, ransmission, of fabrics, and evaluate low stress mechanical properties by KAWABATA.									

## **Course Articulation Matrix of Textile Testing -II:**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
BTT-501.1	3	3	3	3	3				3	1		1
BTT-501.2	2	3	3	3	3				2	2		1
BTT-501.3	3	2	3	3	2				2	2		2
BTT-501.4	3	3	2	2	3				2	1		2
BTT-501.5	3	3	3	3	3				3	2		2
Avg.	3	3	3	3	3				2	2		2

## Unit I (10 Hours)

**Introduction to Textile testing:** Importance of testing, Quality, Relative humidity and standard condition for testing. Moisture content moisture regains, Selection of sample for testing. Different technique for fibre, yarn and fabric sampling. **Fibre Testing:** Measurement of fibre length and its distribution, fineness, Trash% and strength etc. using different methods and instruments. Brief idea about advanced &high-volume fibre testing instruments

## Unit II (08 Hours)

Procedure for measurement of yarn linear density, measurement of yarn twist, Doubling effect on count and uniformity. stress-strain curve, various methods for finding of yield point, methods for finding of various modulus, estimation of tenacity Single yarn strength and Lea count strength product (CSP) and Corrected Count (CCSP). Tensile properties and - various type of measuring instruments based on CRT, CRL and CRE and their working principles.

**Unit III** (**08Hours**): Nature and causes of irregularities, principles of evenness testing: optical and capacitance methods, evaluations and interpretation of evenness results, concept of index of irregularity. Variance - length curves and spectrogram analysis, yarn imperfections, yarn faults classification, Uster Classimat and Classificalt. **Yarn hairiness:** Importance and assessment techniques.

#### Unit IV (10 Hours)

**Testing of fabric Dimensional Properties**: Thickness, Area density (GSM), Warp and Weft crimp, Cover factor calculations.

**Testing of fabric mechanical Properties:** Tensile, Tear, compression and shear, Fabric Abrasion, Pilling, Bursting, flexural rigidity; Drape-ability, Crease recovery.

**Transmission behavior of fabrics:** Measurement of Air, water, heat and static charge transmission.

## Unit V 06 Hours)

**Garment Testing:** Sew ability: Seam strength, Seam slippage, Seam pucker, Needle Cutting Index, Low stress Mechanical Properties of Fabric, Primary and total hand value.

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. J.E. Booth, Principle of Textile Testing
- 2. V K Kothari, Testing and qualitymanagementVol-1
- 3. GAV Leaf, Practical Statistics for The Textile Industry: Part I, The TextileInstitute,1984.
- 4. Saville B P, Physical Testing of Textiles, Woodhead publishing-UK,2004.
- 5. Jinlian H U, Fabric Testing, WoodheadPublishing,2008.
- 6. Arindam Basu, Textile Testing (Fibre, Yarn and Fabric), SITRA, Coimbatore, 2001.
- 7. Somasundar S, Application of Statistical Methods in Textile Industry, SITRA, Coimbatore, 1998.

# 2. Fabric Structure & Design (BTT502) (L T P 3 1 0) =4 After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to;

- a. Develop new weave structures.
- b. Create new structures using color and weave effect.
- c. Draw simple and compound structures.
- d. Illustrate special weaves.

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
BTT-502.1	3	1	3	2	1							2
BTT-502.2	3	2	3	2								2
BTT-502.3	3	1	3	2	1							2
BTT-502.4	2	3	3	2	1							2
Avg.	3	2	3	2	1							2

#### **Unit I (10 Hrs.)**

**Introduction**: Basic concepts of yarn count, thread density, crimp and cover factor of fabric, classification of fabrics, concept of designing through fabric structure, importance of fabric structure analysis, representation of weave repeat, draft plan and peg plan, use of point paper.

Elementary Weaves: Construction of plain, twill, satin and sateen weaves and their derivatives.

**Unit II (10 Hours) Absorbent Fabrics:** Construction of diamond, diaper, honey comb, huck-a-back and mock-leno weaves. **Crepe weave:** Construction of crepe weaves.

**Cord Structures**: Bedford cord, whip cord and welt with wadded structures.

**Color and Weave Effect**: Weave and color combinations of line effect, hounds tooth, birds-eye effect, hair lines and step pattern.

Than times and step pattern.

**Extra thread figuring:** Figuring with extra threads with single and two colors.

#### Unit III (08 hours)

**Pile structures**: Construction of velvet and velveteen fabrics, fustians.

Backed fabrics: Construction of backed fabric.

**Double Cloth:** Construction of self-stitched, center stitched and wadded double cloth.

## Unit IV (09hours)

**Special Weave:** Gauze and net leno fabrics, damasks, brocades, tapestry, tissue, lappet, swivel figured structures.

Calculations: Raw material calculations to produce different weaves and their technical specifications.

**Unit V (8 Hrs)**: Composition of design, Conditions required during ornamentation of fabrics, Colour and Weave effect, unit repeating design, construction of symmetric design, stripe & check effect, factors affecting woven design, Diamond, Ogee & diagonal waved line. Half drop and drop reverse design.

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. Groscicki Z J, "Watsons Textile Design and Colour", Newnes Buttersworth (1988).
- 2. Groscicki Z J, "Watsons Advanced Textile Design", Newnes Buttersworth(1989).
- 3. Klibbe J W, "Structural Fabric Design", Revised Edition, 1965, North Carolina State University.
- 4. Nisbeth H, "Grammer of Textile Design", Tarapore Wala sons and Co. (1994).
- 5. Gokarneshan N, "Fabric Structure and Design", New Age International, New Delhi (2004).

# 3. Chemical Processing of Textile-I (BTT503) (L T P 3 1 0) Credit4 Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CO1	Explain various mechanical and chemical pre-treatment processes, Discuss methods of singeing, desizing and scouring. Evaluate efficiency of desizing and scouring
CO2	Explain and compare various bleaching processes for various textile fibres, and evaluate efficiency of bleaching.
CO3	Describe mercerization of yarns and fabrics of cellulosic materials, compare various methods, evaluate degree of mercerization.
CO4	Discuss and compare various mechanical finishing such as Sanforizing, callendering, raising, milling, stentering etc. with suitable machineries.
CO5	Explain utility and application methods of various physical and chemical finishes such as resin finishing, anti-crease, wash-n-wear, durable press, Heat setting, weight reduction, soil release, water repellent and flame-retardant finishes.

## **Course Articulation Matrix of Chemical Processing of Textile-II:**

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
BTT-503.1	2	3	2	3	2							2
BTT-503.2	3	2	3	3	3							1
BTT-503.3	3	3	3	3	2							2
BTT-503.4	3	3	3	2	3							1
BTT-503.5	2	2	3	2	2							2
Avg.	3	3	3	3	2							2

Unit I (08 Hours)

**Introduction**: Process line for pretreatment, coloration and finishing of textiles.

**Singeing & Desizing**: Objective, advantages and drawbacks. Desizing: Objectives, classification and mechanism involved in removal of size content by various methods. Desizing of natural and man-made fibres. Evaluation of desizing efficiency

Unit 2(08 Hours) Scouring: Objectives, mechanism involved in removal of impurities, recipe and controlling parameters involved. Scouring of natural, manmade and blended textiles. Carbonization of wool. Degumming of silk. Evaluation of scouring efficiency.

**Bleaching:** Hypochlorite, peroxide & chlorite bleaching, methods of bleaching. Bleaching of cotton, silk, wool, man-made fibres and blended textiles by suitable bleaching agents. Estimation of bleaching

Unit III (08 Hours) Mercerization: Objectives, concepts of mercerization. Causticization. Evaluation of mercerization

## Unit IV (08 Hours)

**Concept of colour**: Visible spectrum, wavelength and blindness of colour. Additive and subtractive theories. Colour mixing, Shade, tint, Hue, chroma, color wheel. Tristimulus values of colour. Computer colour matching,

## **Unit V (10 Hours) Theory of dyeing:**

**Dyeing of textiles cellulosic and Protein fibres**: Application of Direct, Reactive, Vat, Solubilized vat, Sulphur, Azoic dyes on cellulose fibres. Application of Acid, Basic and Metal complex dyes on wool and silk. Auxiliaries used in dyeing. Eco friendly chemicals and banned dyes.

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. Karmakar S.R., —Chemical Technology in the pretreatment processing of textiles, Textile Science & Technology, Elsevier Publication, 1999.
- 2. Trotman, E.R., —Dyeing and Chemical Technology of Textile Fibres, Charles Griffin and Co. Ltd., London.1991.
- 3. Shenai, V.A. —Technology of Bleaching and Mercerizing Vol. III, Sevak PublicationsChennai,1991.
- 4. Bhagwat R.S —Handbook of Textile Processing, Colour Publication, Mumbai, 1999.
- 5. Shenai, V.A., —Technology of Dyeing, SevakPublisher, Bombay, 1991.

## **4.** Department Elective-I: (L T P 3 0 0) credit3 Structure and Properties of Fibres (BTT051) (L T P 3 0 0) Credit3

- CO1 Describe various models of physical structure of fibre and Analyze structure– property relationship.
- CO2 Explain various properties of fibres.
- CO3 Characterize and measure various physical and chemical structures of fibres by using instrumental techniques.
- CO4 Derive various mathematical models of fibre structures and properties.
- CO5 Determine the effects of different factors influencing fibre properties

#### **Course Articulation Matrix of Structure and Properties of fibers:**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
BTT-011.1	3	3	3	2	2							2
BTT-011.2	3	2	3	3								2
BTT-011.3	3	3	2	3	3							2
BTT-011.4	2	3	3	2	2							2
BTT-011.5	3	3	1	1	2							1
Avg.	3	3	3	2	2							2

#### Unit I:

Physical and chemical structure of cotton, wool, silk, and manmade textile fibres, models of fine structure of fibre, Methods of investigation of physical structure by IR spectroscopy, FTIR, and X-ray diffraction techniques. Measurement of density and crystallinity by density gradient column.

## **Total Lectures Required = 8**

#### Unit II:

Moisture regains and content. Significance of moisture in textiles. Relation between regain and relative humidity, hysteresis of moisture absorption, effect of various factors on moisture regain. Difficulties involved in drying of textile specimen. Heat of sorption and heat of wetting, their relationship, swelling of fibres, Quantitative theory of moisture absorption. Concept of contact angle and surface energy on textile surface

## **Total Lectures Required = 8**

**Unit III:** Tensile properties of fibre, Factors affecting results of tensile experiment, experimental methods; effect of variability and weak-link theory, Elastic recovery, Effect various factors on recovery, Cyclic loading and fatigue, Fibre fracture. Time effect, Creep and stress relaxation. Dynamic testing. Concept of viscoelastic effects, Kelvin and Maxwell model. Bending and torsional rigidity of fibre.

#### **Total Lectures Required = 8**

**Unit IV:** Thermal behavior of textile fibres by Differential Scanning Calorimeter (DSC), Difference between Heat Flow and Heat Flux DSC, Various types of DSC and their applications, Thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA), thermo-balance principle in TGA, Applications of TGA Analysis or Thermogravimetry, thermal mechanical analysis (TMA), and Dynamic Mechanical Analysis (DMA), Various types of DMA, Different types of loading in DMA, Application of DMA

#### **Total Lectures Required = 8**

**Unit V:** Optical and electron microscopy, Brief Introduction to Scanning Electron Microscope, Optical properties of fibres, Define Refractive index and dichroic ratio. Birefringence and overall orientation of fiber. Dielectric properties of Fibres, Fibre friction, Particle Size analysis, various techniques to measure particle size,

#### **Grand Total of lectures required = 40**

#### Reference Book: -

- 1. Morton W E and Hearle J W S, Physical Properties of Textile Fibres, 1st reprint, The Textile Institute, Manchester, 1986.
- 2. Gupta V B and Kothari V K, "Manufactured Fibre Technology"1st Ed., Chapman and Hall, London, 1997.
- 3. Hearle JWS, Polymers and their properties, Vol. I, John Wiley and Sons, NY,1982.
- 4. Turi E A "Thermal characterization of polymeric materials", Vol I and II, Academic Press,1997.
- 5. Gedde, U. L. F. (1995). Polymer physics. Springer Science & Business Media.
- 6. Billmeyer F W, "Textbook of polymer science", John Wiley and Sons, 1984.
- 7. Meredith R, The Mechanical Properties of Textile Fibres, North Holland PublishingCo; Amsterdam1959.

## Department Elective-II: Multi & Long Fibre Spinning (BTT052) (L T P 300) Credit =3

#### Course Outcomes:

After this course students will be able to

CO1: Explain the critical parameter difference in processing of long fibres

CO2: Explain the process condition & need for dyed fibres processing

CO3: Explain the machine used for spinning wool fibres & blends using woolen & worsted system

CO4: Explain the process sequence for jute fibre processing.

CO5: Apply measures for process control during jute, wool & other long fibre spinning

## **Course Articulation Matrix of Multi & Long Fibre Spinning:**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
BTT-012.1	3	3	3	2	2							2
BTT-012.2	3	2	3	3								2
BTT-012.3	3	3	2	3	3							2
BTT-012.4	2	3	3	2	2							2
BTT-012.5	3	3	1	1	2							1
Avg.	3	3	3	2	2							2

**Unit 1:** Characteristics of manmade fibres, Spinnability, blending, and its objectives, Spinnability, blending & its objectives, processing of Man- made fibres & blends on short, medium and long staple spinning systems.

#### **Total Lectures Required = 8**

**Unit 2**: Spinning of dyed fibres, estimation of blends intimacy, factors affecting the blend irregularity, structural properties of blended yarns.

## **Total Lectures Required = 8**

**Unit 3**: Production of bulked yarn, characteristic difference in the physical & mechanical properties of various long staple fibres & their influence in the choice of preparatory & spinning machinery.

## **Total Lectures Required = 8**

Unit 4: Retting of flax, & jute, Jute & flax spinning, manufacturing of spun silk.

**Total Lectures Required = 6** 

**Unit 5**: Woolen, semi-worsted & worsted systems of spinning.

**Total Lectures Required** 

= 6 Grand total lectures

required =36

#### Reference book: -

- 1. Wool Spinning by Vickerman, Abhishek Publication
- 2. Principle of woolen spinning by Priestman
- 3. Woolen & Worsted yarn manufacture by J. W Redcliff
- 4. Jute Spinning Calculation by AndrewSmith
- 5. Worsted Drawing & Spinning by Miles

## 5. Department Elective II: Credit 3 (L T P 3 0 0)

a) Nonwoven Technology (BTT054) (3 00) Credit 3

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to;

CO1 Describe on woven market & classification of non-woven

CO2 Explain the different methods of nonwoven manufacturing processes and description of nonwoven machines.

CO3 Explain properties of fibres required for non-woven, structure of fibres in non-woven & non-woven fabric properties & their application.

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
1	3	3	3	2	2							2
2	3	2	3	2								2
3	3	3	2	2	2							2
Avg.	3	3	3	2	2							2

**Unit 1**: National and international scenario on nonwoven fabric production, Concept about felts and nonwoven, Classification of non-woven fabrics, fibres for non-woven fabrics, Felt manufacturing process Total Lectures Required =9

**Unit 2:** Various method of web formation, web characteristics and their influence on properties of

non- woven fabrics, (3) Nonwoven fabric by Needle punch, Description of needle punching machine, effect of process variables on properties of needle punched fabric, Application of needle punched nonwoven. **Total Lectures Required =9** 

**Unit 3:** Nonwoven fabric by hydro entanglement, Description of hydro entanglement machine, Effect of process variables on properties of hydro entangled nonwoven fabric, latest development in hydro entanglement process, Application of hydro entangled nonwoven. Nonwoven fabric by chemical bonding. Effect of process variables on properties of chemical bonding **Total Lectures Required =8** 

**Unit 4:** Nonwoven fabric by thermal bonding & Spun bond and melt blown processes, Effect of process variables on properties of thermal bonding, spun laid and spun bond non-woven fabrics. Application of these nonwovens. **Total Lectures Required** =8

**Unit 5:** Composite nonwoven. Classification of composite nonwoven, properties and application of composite nonwoven, Finishing of nonwovens- mechanical, chemical etc., plasma, micro encapsulation, laser etching, bio mimetic finishes, electro chemical finishes.

**Total Lectures Required =8** 

**Grand total of Lectures required= 42** 

#### Reference & Textbooks

- 1. Russel, S. J., Handbook of nonwovens, Woodhead Publishing Ltd., 2006(Edited)
- 2. Chapman, R.A., "Applications of Nonwovens in Technical Textiles", The Textile Institute, 2010.
- 3. Horrocks A.R. and Anand S.C., "Handbook of Technical Textiles", The Textile Institute, 2000.
- 4. Adanur, S. "Handbook of Weaving", CRC Press, 2001
- 5. Russel S.J. "Handbook of Nonwoven", The Textile Institute,2007
- 6. Krecma, R., Manual of Nonwovens, The Textile Trade Press, Manchester, UK,1971.
- 7. Purdy, A. T., Developments in Nonwoven Fabrics, Textile Progress, Vol. 12, No. 4, The Textile Institute, Manchester, UK, 1983.

## 5.2 Department Elective II

## Textured Yarn Technology (BTT060) (3-0-0) Credit 3

**CO1:** Explain the need for texturing of thermoplastic filament yarn for apparel & other uses.

CO2: Explain the influence of raw material & process parameters on textured yarn quality

CO3Explain the development of different texturing system and their merits

**CO4:** Decide selection of texturing methods based on raw material characteristics

**CO5**: Explain the bulking quality by different bulking methods.

Unit (1): Importance of texturizing, Methods of texturizing, Basic principles of heat setting and texturizing, False twisting, Process variables, developments of false twist texturing machines.

#### **Total Lectures Required = 7**

Unit (2): Structural geometry of textured yarn, characterization of textured yarn, Stuffer box crimping, Edge crimping & other methods of texturing thermoplastic yarns.

## **Total Lectures Required = 7**

**Unit** (3): Textured yarn properties and fabric characteristics, principles of draw texturing, draw texturizing machines, and properties of draw textured yarn, Effect of process variables, time, temperature, twist and tension on properties of textured yarn.

## **Total Lectures Required = 8**

**Unit** (4): Principles of air bulking and properties of air bulked yarn, Texturing of non-thermoplastic yarns cross linking and effect of process variables on properties of textured yarn, Texturing with the aid of solvent.

## **Total Lectures Required = 7**

**Unit** (5): Yarn characteristics, Morphological chances induce by mechano-thermal forms of texturing and their effect on properties of textured yarns.

Total Lectures Required = 7 Grand total lectures required = 36

#### Reference book: -

- 1. Textured yarn Technology by J.W.S. Hearle
- 2. Synthetic fibre by Vaidhya

## 5 Textile Testing Lab (BTT551) (0 0 2) Credit1

## 6 At least 10 of the following Fibre & Yarn Testing

- 1. To determine the bundle strength of cotton fibre
- 2. To determine the fibre fineness by air-flow method
- 3. To determine the span length of fibre & analyze it.
- 4. To determine the Hank and Hank C.V% of the given sliver / Determination of the within bobbin and between bobbin hank C.V % of the given roving.
- 5. To determine the count of a yarn by using physical/electronic balance.
- 6. To measure the Single yarn and Ply yarn twist of the given yarn sample using Twist Tester.
- 7. To determine the Yarn count, Lea Strength and CSP of the given yarn sample.
- 8. To determine the single yarn strength.
- 9. To Study evenness and imperfection in the given yarn and compare the results with Uster statistics.
- 10. To Study the spectrogram and irregularity trace to determine type of irregularity.
- 11. To prepare yarns Appearance Boards and compare with ASTM standards.

## **Fabric & garment Testing**

- 12. To characterize a woven fabric with respect to its dimensional properties: thread density, yarn number, crimp, weave, cover factor, weight, skewness, thickness
- 13. To determine the tensile strength of a woven fabric by strip test method. Draw load-elongation curve of a woven fabric.
- 14. To determine the tear strength of a fabric using Elmensdorf tear tester or ballistic tester.
- 15. To determine the bursting strength of a fabric using hydraulic bursting tester.
- 16. To determine the abrasion resistance of afabric.
- 17. To determine the bending length and flexural rigidity of a woven fabric using the Shirley tester.
- 18. To determine the crease recovery of fabric and observe the effect of loading time and recovery time on crease recovery.
- 19. To determine the drape coefficient of woven and knitted fabric using the drapemeter.
- 20. To measure the Air permeability and Fabric Impact Strength of the given fabric.
- 21. To measure the water permeability of the given fabric.

## 7. Fabric Structure & Design Practical (BTT552) (0 0 2) Credit1

Analysis of the fabric in respect to yarn and fabric parameters and their weave representation with draft and peg plan:

- 1. Plain weave
- 2. Plain derivative- Rib weave
- 3. Twill weave
- 4. Satin/sateen weave
- 5. Diamonds weave
- 6. Honeycomb weave
- 7. Huck-a-back weave
- 8. Mock leno weave
- 9. Crepe weave
- 10. Bedford cord weaves/ welt structure
- 11. Extra thread figured weave
- 12. Velvet/velveteen weave
- 13. Double cloth

### 8. TEXTILE CHEMICAL PROCESSING- I Lab (BTT553) L T P002

#### At least 10 of the following

- 1. Desizing of grey cotton yarn/fabric using chemicals/enzyme and determine the desizing efficiency.
- 2. Scouring of desized cotton yarn/fabric and determine the scouring loss%, drop absorbency and degree of impurities.
- 3. Scouring of P/C blended fabrics.
- 4. Bleaching of scoured cotton yarn/fabric with hypochlorite agent and measurement of the whiteness index and change in mechanical properties.
- 5. Bleaching of cotton fabric with hydrogen peroxide agent and measurement of the whiteness index and change in mechanical properties.
- 6. Cold and Hot mercerization of cotton yarn and measurement of the BAN and change in mechanical properties.
- 7. Scouring and Bleaching of Wool.
- 8. Degumming of Silk.

- 9. Dyeing of cotton yarn/fabric using direct dyes and studying the influence of temperature, Time and Electrolyte on dye adsorption and fastness properties.
- 10. Dyeing of cotton yarn/fabric using vat dyes and assessment of fastness properties of dyed material.
- 11. Dyeing of cotton yarn/fabric using hot and cold brand reactive dyes and assessment of dye exhaustion % on dye bath and fastness properties.
- 12. Dyeing of cotton yarn/fabric using azoic dyes and assessment of fastness properties of dyed material.
- 13. Dyeing of cotton yarn/fabric using sulphur dyes and assessment of fastness properties of dyed material.
- 14. Dyeing of Wool fibres with Acid and metal complex dyes and assessment of fastness properties of dyed material.
- 15. Dyeing of Silk yarn / fabric with Acid dyes and direct dyes and assessment of fastness properties of dyed material.

## 9. Mini Projector Internship Assessment (BTT554) (0 0 2) credit1

# 10. Non-Credit Course: Essence of India Traditional Knowledge/ Constitution of India:

As per AICTE Model Curriculum & shall be conducted through SWAYAM

## **Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge BNC501)**

## **Course objective**

The course aims at imparting basic principles of thought process, reasoning and inferencing. Sustainability is at the core of Indian Traditional knowledge Systems connecting society and nature. Holistic life style of yogic science and wisdom capsules in Sanskrit literature are also important in modern society with rapid technological advancements and societal disruptions. Part-I focuses on introduction to Indian Knowledge Systems, Indian perspective of modern scientific world-view, and basic principles of Yoga and holistic health care system.

#### Course Contents

- Basic structure of Indian Knowledge System: (i) वेद, (ii) उपवेद ँद, ँद, ग¤धवँद (आयव धनव धनव \थापःृय आtद) (iii) वेदांग (tश¾ा, कuप, tन\त, इयाकरण, uयोtतष, छद), (iv) उपाइग (धुमः शाां, मीमासा, पुराण, तक' शाां)
- Modern Science and Indian Knowledge System
- Yoga and Holistic Health care
- Case studies

#### References

- Knowledge traditions and practices of India, CBSE Publication
- V. Sivaramakrishnan (Ed.), Cultural Heritage of India-course material, Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Mumbai. 5th Edition, 2014
- Swami Jitatmanand, Modern Physics and Vedantharatiya Vidya Bhavan
- Swami Jitatmanand, Holistic Science and Vedantharatiya Vidya Bhavan
- Fritz of Capra, Tao of Physics
- Fritz of Capra, The Wave of life
- VN Jha (Eng. Trans.), Tarkasangraha of Annam Bhatta, International Chinmay Foundation, Velliarnad, Arnakulam
- Yoga Sutra of Patanjali, Ramakrishna Mission, Kolkata

- GN Jha (Eng. Trans.), Ed. RN Jha, Yoga-darshanam with Vyasa Bhashya, Vidyanidhi Prakashan, Delhi2016
- RN Jha, Science of Consciousness Psychotherapy and Yoga Practices, Vidyanidhi Prakashan, Delhi2016
- P B Sharma (English translation), Shodashang Hridayan

**Pedagogy**: Problem based learning, group discussions, collaborative mini projects. **Outcome:** Ability to understand, connect up and explain basics of Indian traditional knowledge in modern scientific perspective.

## Constitution of India (2 0 0) (BNC502) Non-Credit

The Constitution of India is the supreme law of India. Parliament of India cannot make any law which violates the Fundamental Rights enumerated under the Part III of the Constitution. The Parliament of India has been empowered to amend the Constitution under Article 368; however, it cannot use this power to change the "basic structure" of the constitution, which has been ruled and explained by the Supreme Court of India in its historical judgments. The Constitution of India reflects the idea of "Constitutionalism" - a modern and progressive concept historically developed by the thinkers of "liberalism" - an ideology which has been recognized as one of the most popular political ideology and result of historical struggles against arbitrary use of sovereign power by state. The historic revolutions in France, England, America and particularly European Renaissance and Reformation movement have resulted into progressive legal reforms in the form of "constitutionalism" in many countries. The Constitution of India was made by borrowing models and principles from many countries including United Kingdom and America. The Constitution of India is not only a legal document, but it also reflects social, political and economic perspectives of the Indian Society. It reflects India's legacy of "diversity". It has been said that Indian constitution reflects ideals of its freedom movement, however, few critics have argued that it does not truly incorporate our own ancient legal heritage and cultural values. No law can be "static" and therefore the Constitution of India has also been amended more than one hundred times. These amendments reflect political, social and economic developments since the year 1950. The Indian judiciary and particularly the Supreme Court of India has played an historic role as the guardian of people. It has been protecting not only basic ideals of the Constitution but also strengthened the same through progressive interpretations of the text of the Constitution. The judicial activism of the Supreme Court of India and its historic contributions has been recognized throughout the world and it gradually made it "as one of the strongest courts in theworld".

#### **Course content:**

- 1. Meaning of the constitution law and constitutionalism
- 2. Historical perspective of the Constitution of India
- 3. Salient features and characteristics of the Constitution of India
- 4. Scheme of the fundamental rights
- 5. The scheme of the Fundamental Duties and its legal status
- 6. The Directive Principles of State Policy Its importance and implementation
- 7. Federal structure and distribution of legislative and financial powers between the Union and the States

- 8. Parliamentary Form of Government in India The constitution powers and status of the President of India
- 9. Amendment of the Constitutional Powers and Procedure
- 10. The historical perspectives of the constitutional amendments in India
- 11. Emergency Provisions: National Emergency, President Rule, Financial Emergency
- 12. Local Self Government Constitutional Scheme in India
- 13. Scheme of the Fundamental Right to Equality
- 14. Scheme of the Fundamental Right to certain Freedom under Article19
- 15. Scope of the Right to Life and Personal Liberty under Article21.

## 11. NPTEL/ MOOCS Courses for Hons Degree:

\*\*\*\*

# 3<sup>rd</sup> B. Tech (Textile Technology) 6<sup>th</sup> Semester

# Study & Evaluation Scheme (MCS) 3<sup>rd</sup> Year B. Tech TEXTILE TECHNOLOGY

# **Uttar Pradesh Textile Technology Institute Kanpur**Affiliated to

## DR. APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, LUCKNOW

3<sup>rd</sup> Year VI-Semester

**Effective from Session-2024-25** 

Sl.	Subject Codes	Subject	F	Perio	ds		alua hemo			End Semester		Total	Credit
		,	L	T	P	CT	TA	Total	PS	TE	PE		
1	BTT601	Yarn Manufacture-III	3	1	0	20	10	30		70		100	4
2	BTT602	Fabric manufacture-III	3	1	0	20	10	30		70		100	4
3	BTT603	Chemical Processing of Textile-II	3	1	0	20	10	30		70		100	4
4		Theory of Textile Structure / Clothing Science	3	0	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
5	BOE060-069	Open Elective-I	3	0	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
6	BTT651	Yarn Manufacture-III Lab	0	0	2				50		50	100	1
7	BTT652	Fabric manufacture-III Lab	0	0	2				50		50	100	1
8		Chemical Processing of Textile-II Lab	0	0	2				50		50	100	1
9		Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge/Constitution of India	2	0	0	15	10	30		70			
10		MOOCs (Essential for Hons. Degree)											
		Total	17	3	6	150	100	250	75	500	75	800	21

**Open Elective-I: As per AKTU Lucknow** 

# 1. Yarn Manufacture-III (BTT601) LTP 3 1 0 = Credit4 Course Outcomes:

CO1	Explain the principles & mechanism plying of yarns.
CO2	Explain the principle involved in compact spinning/ Siro yarn spinning& understand techno-economic
	aspects of compact & rotor spinning.
CO3	Explain the principle involved in open-end spinning, its manufacturing process
CO4	Explain the process of friction yarn manufacturing & mechanism of friction spinning
CO5-	Explain the process of Air-jet & Vortex spinning & mechanism of yarn formation.

#### **Course Articulation Matrix of Yarn Manufacture-III:**

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
BTT-501.1	3	3	3	3	3				3	1		1
BTT-501.2	3	3	3	3	3				2	2		2
BTT-501.3	3	3	3	3	2				3	2		2
BTT-501.4	3	2	2	2	3				2	1		1
Avg.	3	3	3	3	3				3	2		2

#### Module-I (6 Hours)

**Plying of yarns:** Objectives and principle of doubling. Study of different components of ring doubler-creel, yarn guiding roller, rings, travellers and spindle. Building motions. Concept of balanced twist in doubled yarn, direction of twist in doubled yarn and its relation to single yarn. Properties of plied yarn, Two-for-one (TFO) twister- Construction details and principle of operation.

#### Module-II (08 Hours)

**Compact spinning -** working principles of different compact spinning systems-Elitwist-Comfor twin, structure and properties of compact yarns, applications of compact yarn - Techno economics of compact spinning. **SIRO Spinning-** Principle and mechanism of SIRO spinning system, structure, properties and end use of SIRO yarn, Solo spinning system.

#### Module-III (14 Hours)

**Non-conventional spinning processes**: Causes leading to the advent of non-conventional systems of spinning.

Rotor spinning: Tasks of the rotor spinning machine; Mechanism of yarn formation on rotor spinning; Raw material requirements and preparation - raw materials requirements (fibre lengths, fineness, strength, dirt & dust, foreign matter); Designing features of chief organs and their functions, sliver in-feed unit, feeding roller & guide plate, opening unit - opening roller - clothing of the opening roller, trash removal, fibre guide passage, fibre flow into the Rotor - rotor groove, rotor diameter, combination of rotor diameter and rotor groove, rotor bearing, rotor revolutions, formation of a coherent fibre strand and, back doubling, formation of the yarn, the false twist effect, wrapping fibers, yarn withdrawal and winding unit, navel, types of the navel, withdrawal tube, direction of withdrawal, package formation unit- requirements for the package, the winding process; Effect of rotor machine variables and fibre properties on the properties of rotor spun yarns. techno-economic aspects of rotor spinning system; Limitation of rotor spinning.

#### Module-IV (6 Hours)

**Friction spinning: Operating principle**; Open and Core sheath type yarn spinning, Deigning aspects of feed device, opening roller and spinning drum, classification, raw material requirements, technological interrelationships, yarn structure and characteristics, techno-economic aspect.

**Module –V (8 Hours) Air-vortex spinning:** two nozzles and single nozzle principles, comparison, Mechanism of yarn formation in air-vortex spinning; Design aspects of nozzles; Raw material requirements; Yarn structure, properties and end uses of jet spun yarns, techno-economics aspects. Properties of ring spun, rotor spun, friction spun, and air-jet spun yarn-comparison.

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. Klein W, "A Practical Guide to Ring Spinning", The Textile Institute, Manchester, 1999.
- 2. Klein W "New Spinning Systems: Vol 5", The Textile Institute, 1993.
- 3. Lawrence C A, "Fundamental of Spun Yarn Technology" CRC Press, USA, 2003.
- 4. Lawrence C A, "Advances in Yarn Spinning Technology" CRC Press, USA, 2010.
- 5. Lord P R, "Handbook of Yarn Production", The Textile Institute, Woodhead Publication Limited, Cambridge, 2003.
- 6. Shaw J, "Short-staple Ring Spinning, Textile Progress", The Textile Institute, Manchester, 1982.
- 7. Murty HVS, TFO- Technology & Techniques.
- 8. Mahendra Gowda R V, "New Spinning Systems", NCUTE Publication, IIT Delhi, 2006.

## 2. Department Core-2: Fabric Manufacture-III (L T P 3 1 0)(BTT602)credit Course Outcomes:

CO1	Show various parts of a shuttle loom, demonstrate various motions of loom
CO2	Classify and explain shedding and picking mechanisms with their limitations and
	scopes.
CO3	Classify and explain let-off and take-up mechanisms with their limitations and
	scopes.
CO4	Demonstrate various auxiliary motions in shuttle loom.
CO5	Explain various automations in shuttle loom

#### **Course Articulation Matrix of Fabric Manufacture III:**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
BTT-602.1	3	3	3	3	3	1			1	1		1
BTT-602.2	2	2	2	3	3				2	1		2
BTT-602.3	3	3	3	3	2				1	1		2
BTT-602.4	2	2	3	2	3	1			1	1		1
BTT-602.5	3	3	3	3	3				1	2		2
Avg.	3	3	3	3	3	1			1	1		2

#### Module I (8 Hours)

**Introduction:** Automatic loom- Pirn changing and shuttle changing loom, Automatic loom and its merit over plain shuttle loom.

Multiple box motion: Types of multiple box motion, working principle of multiple box motion,

**Terry weaving:** Essential feature of terry weaving loom, various principle and mechanism of terry pile formation, structure and properties of terry fabrics.

#### Module II (8 Hours)

Limitation of shuttle looms, Classification of shuttle less Looms. Projectile Loom: Working elements and weft insertion cycle in projectile loom-Torsion bar picking mechanism-Weft selection device-Salient features of projectile loom, Weft insertion rate and production calculation. Techno economics of shuttleless weaving. Selvedge and salient features of shuttle less loom.

## Module III (8 Hours)

**Rapier Loom:** Classification of rapier loom: Flexible and Rigid Rapiers-Principles of tip and loop transfer- Weft insertion cycle-. Zero velocity and non-zero velocity tip transfer. Weft insertion rate and production calculation. Properties and application of rapier woven fabrics.

## Module IV (8 Hours)

**Air-jet loom:** Working principle – weft insertion mechanism - types of nozzles, profile reed. Air requirements. Weft insertion rate and production calculation.

**Water-jet Loom:** Working principle - Weft insertion system - Nozzles - Water requirements - Weft insertion rate and production calculation.

## Module V (8 Hours)

**Multiphase loom:** Classification, principles of operation, shedding mechanisms of weft way and warp way, supply systems for weft,

Narrow fabric production: Importance of narrow weaving. It's manufacturing process.

Unconventional Fabric Production: Concepts of 3D fabric production and circular loom. Different types of accumulators and its important.

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. Talukdar M K, Srirammulu P K and Ajgaokar D B, "Weaving Machine, Mechanism and Management", Mahajan Publisher Private Ltd., Ahmedabad, India, 1998.
- 2. Aswani K T, "Fancy Weaving mechanism", Mahajan Publisher Private Ltd., Ahmedabad, India 1990.
- 3. Ormerod &W. S. Sondhelm "Weaving Technology and Operations,
- 4. R. Sengupta "Weaving Calculation".
- 5. Woven Fabric Production I, II, NCUTEPublications 2002.
- 6. Handbook of weaving, By Sabit Adanur

## 3. Chemical Processing of Textile-II (BTT603) LTP 3 1 0 Credit4

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to.

- 1. Perform dyeing of textiles made up synthetic fibres and their blends.
- 2. Control process parameters and use of dyeing machines for dyeing of textile materials.
- 3. Select the dyes and recipe for preparation of printing paste for printing of textile materials.
- 4. Explain finishing treatment process and treat the fabric with different finishing agent.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
1	3	2	3	1								1
2	3	2	2	2								1
3	3	2	3	1								1
4	3	2	3	1								1
5	2	2	2	1								1
Avg.	3	2	3	1								1

#### Module I (10 Hours)

**Dyeing of synthetic fibres:** Dyeing of polyester with disperse dye, dyeing of Nylon with acid dye, dyeing of acrylic with cationic dye.

**Dyeing of blends**: Classification of blends and shades, Methods for dyeing of blends. Suitability of each method for dyeing of specific blend- P/C, P/V, P/W. W/A.

## Module II (08 Hours)

## **Identification of dyes:**

**Dyeing machineries**: Loose fibre, yarn and package dyeing machines. Jigger, winch, jet and HTHP beam dyeing machine. Padding mangle, Continuous dyeing range.

## Module III (10) Hours)

**Printing:** Objective, Difference between dyeing and printing, Characteristics of printing paste ingredients, classification and mechanism of thickeners.

**Printing methods**: Hand block, screen printing processes, screen preparation, drawback and advantage of each method. **Styles of printing:** Direct, Discharge and Resist. Printing of cotton with reactive, vat and pigment, Polyester with disperse dye and Acrylic with basic dyes. **Printing after treatments**: Steaming, curing, ageing in printing.

**Digital Printing:** Mechanism, process parameters and machinery.

## Module IV (10 Hours)

Finishing: Significance and classification of finishing.

**Mechanical finish:** Temporary and durable finishes, Sanforizing and their evaluation. **Chemical and functional finish:** Mechanism, process parameters and trouble shootings of Softening, anti-crease finish, waterproof and water repellent finish, flame-retardant and fireproof finish, Soil release finish; Organdie finish; Biopolishing, Stonewashing of denim, Anti-microbial finish, antistatic finish and their evaluation.

#### Module V: 04 Hours

**Waste minimization:** Need for waste minimization. water conservation, energy conservation. Textile effluent management. Techniques of effluent treatment

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. Miles L W C, "Textile Printing", Dyers Company Publication Trust, Bradford, England, 1981.
- 2. Shenai V A, "Technology of Printing", Sevak Publications, Mumbai, 1990.
- 3. Shenai V A and Saraf, N M, "Technology of Textile Finishing", Sevak Publications, Mumbai,1990.
- 4. Karmakar S. R., "Chemical Technology in the Pre-treatment Process of Textiles", Elsevier sciences, 1999.
- 5. Cavaco-Paulo A. and Gubitz G. M., "Textile Processing with enzymes", Woodhead Publication Ltd., 2003.

## 4. Department Elective-III (L T P 3 0 0) credit3

## 4.1 Theory of Textile Structure (BTT061) (L T P 3 00)

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to;

- 1. Explain ideal helical model of yarn and different structural parameters.
- 2. Illustrate method of measuring structural parameters.
- 3. Determine effect of different parameters affecting the structure of yarn and on its properties.
- 4. Illustrate structural characteristics of knitted and nonwovens and design the fabric to get the desired property

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
1	3	2	3	1								1
2	3	2	2	2								1
3	3	2	3	1								1
4	3	2	3	1								1
Avg.	3	2	3	1								1

## Module I (10 Hours)

**Geometry of twisted yarn:** Idealized helical yarn structure; yarn count and twist factors, twist contraction; Limits of twist.

**Packing of fibres in yarn:** Idealized packing; measurement of packing density and radial packing density of yarn; Packing in actual yarns; Specific volume of yarns; Equation of yarn diameter.

**Fibre Migration:** Ideal migration, tracer fiber technique, characterization of migration behavior, migration in spun yarns, mechanisms of migration, effect of various parameters on migration behavior.

#### Module II (10 Hours)

**Structural Mechanics**: Translation of fiber properties into yarn properties; Extension of continuous filament yarn for small strains and large strains; Prediction of breakage, Nature of rupture for continuous filament yarn. Extension and breakage of spun yarn, Blended yarn structure, Structure property relationship of ring, rotor, air-jet, friction spun yarn, Extension of continuous filament yarn.

#### Module III (10 Hours)

**Fabric Geometry:** Engineering approach to the analysis of fabric, Pierce geometrical model, flexible thread model and rigid thread model, square fabric, Jammed Structure, square and jammed fabric, Crimp interchange, Maximum possible cover factor. Yarn cross sections in the fabric, Pierce elastic thread model. Geometry of weft and warp knitted structures.

#### Module IV (10 Hours)

Fabric deformation under tensile stress; prediction of modulus; tensile properties in bias direction. Other fabric deformation: compression, shear, bending and buckling; fabric handle; Structure of felts and stitch bonded fabric; Basic of braided fabric structure.

#### **Books Recommended:**

- Hearle J. W. S., "Structural Mechanics of Fibers, Yarns and Fabrics", Wiley-Inter science, New York, 1969.
- Goswami B. C., "Textile Yarns: Technology, Structure and Applications", Wiley-Inter science, New York, 1977.
- Jinlian Hu., "Structure and Mechanics of Woven Fabrics", Woodhead Publishing Ltd., 2004.
- Hearle J. W. S., John J., Thwaites. And Jafargholi Amirbayat., "Mechanics of Flexible Fibre Assemblies", Sijthoff and Noordhoff, 1980.
- Hassan M. Berery., "Effect of Mechanical and Physical Properties on Fabrics Hand", Wood head publishing Ltd.,2005.
- Behera BK, Hari PK, "Woven Textile Structure: Theory and Applications". Woodhead publishing.

# 4.2 Clothing Science (BTT062) (L T P 3 00)

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to;

- 4.2.1 Describe thermal and non-thermal components of clothing comfort.
- 4.2.2 Explain the role of body components in maintaining body temperatures
- 4.2.3 Recognize the Principles of heat transfer to and away human body
- 4.2.4 Explain various aspects of thermal & skin sensational clothing comfort

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
1	3	1	3	2	1							2
2	3	2	3	2								2
3	3	1	3	2	1							2
4	2	3	3	2	1							2
Avg.	3	2	3	2	1							2

#### Module I (10 Hours)

**Introduction:** Concept of selection of fabrics for clothing purpose. Types of fabric

required for apparel use for different age group, occasions, purpose. Fabric properties and performance for apparel use.

**Serviceability of Fabrics:** Abrasion resistance - flat abrasion, flex abrasion, edge abrasion, Pilling - mechanism of pilling formation, anti-pilling techniques, Snagging, Strength, Tearing strength - Tensile strength - Bursting strength, seam strength and seam slippage.

**Tailorability of fabrics: Tailorability** of woven and knitted garments, Tailorability of leather garments and fur garments

## Module II (10 Hours)

**Aesthetic properties**: Drape, Crease and Wrinkle recovery - Lustre. Yarn unevenness: neps, thick place, thin place, periodic fault, Scroopiness, Colour- Colour fastness: to light, washing, perspiration, rubbing, dry cleaning.

**Dimensional Stability of Fabrics:** Hygral expansion, Relaxation shrinkage, swelling shrinkage, Felting shrinkage. Mechanism of fabric shrinkage- Relationship between Hygral Expansion, Relaxation shrinkage and extensibility - Knitting Process Parameters and fabric stability. Methods of measuring dimensional stability to dry cleaning and dry heat.

**FabricHand:** smoothness, fullness and stiffness, subjective hand judgment, objective evaluation of fabric hand and its applications.

## Module III (10 Hours)

**Clothing Comfort:** Definition of comfort - Human clothing system - Physical, Physiological and psychological aspects of comfort. Tactile and pressure sensation aspects. Applications of clothing comfort research.

**Thermal Comfort:** Introduction. Thermal transfer processes. Dry heat transfer and Rapid heat transfer. Function of Textiles in enhancing thermal comfort. Comparison of thermal comfort properties for different textile structures.

#### Module IV (10 Hours)

**Functional Properties:** Elasticity: elastic recovery, residual strain; Thermal insulation. Water repellence, water resistance and waterproof; Wicking: vertical and horizontal transportation of liquid; Water absorbency; UV protection; Soil release

**Safety:** Toxicity - residual dye stuff and other finishing agent; Flammability

## **Books Recommended:**

- Kothari, V K, "Testing and Quality Management", CBS Book Publishers, New Delhi, 2000.
- Li. Y, "The Science of Clothing Comfort", Textile Progress, Volume: 31, No. 1/2, Textile Institute.
- Saville B P, "Physical Testing of Textiles", The Textile Institute, Woodhead publication limited, Cambridge.
- Billie J Collier and Helen H Epps, "Textile Testing and Analysis", Prentice- Hall Inc., New Jersey.
- Lyman Fourt& Norman R.S. Hollies, "Clothing: Comfort & Functions", Marcel Dekker, Inc, New york.
- G. Song, "Improving Comfort in Clothing", Woodhead Publication.
- A. Das, R. Alagirusamy, "Science in Clothing Comfort", Woodhead Publication

## 6. Yarn Manufacture-III (BTT651) Practical L T P 0 0 2 credit1

- To study the construction details and passage of materials in Ring frame.
- To outline the main gearing diagram of ring frame and calculate Draft Constant and Twist Constant. & Production.
- To study the building motion in ring frame.
- To calculate required speed, draft and twist level and produce yarn from a given roving and determine the yarn count & production.
- To study the construction details and passage of materials in Ring doubler.
- To study the construction details and passage of materials of TFO.
- Production & twist calculation in TFO with 3 positions and its effect on yarn strength.
- Study of flow of materials in Rotor spinning machine.
- Study of different elements of Rotor spinning machine.
- Study of draft distribution in Rotor spinning machine.
- Study of twist level in Rotor spun yarn.
- Calculation of production of rotor spinning machine

## 7. Fabric Manufacture-III Practical (BTT652) L T P 0 0 2 credit1

- 1. Study and working of pirn change motion.
- 2. Study and working of shuttle change motion
- 3. Study & working of multiple box loom
- 4. To study fabric formation in Terry towel loom.
- 5. To study the yarn passage in different shuttleless loom
- 6. To study path of warp yarn in rapier loom.
- 7. To study picking mechanism in rapier loom.
- 8. To produce a fabric by changing the design in rapier loom.
- 9. To study path of warp yarn in air-jet loom.
- 10. To study picking mechanism in air-jet loom.

# 8. TEXTILE CHEMICAL PROCESSING II Lab (BTT653) Credit 0 0 2 Credit1 At least 10 of the following

- 1. Dyeing of Polyester fibres/yarn/fabrics with Disperse Dye using carrier dyeing process.
- 2. Dyeing of Polyester fibres/yarn/fabrics with Disperse Dye using HT-HP dyeing process.
- 3. Dyeing of Nylon yarn/fabric with Acid Dye.
- 4. Dyeing of poly acrylonitrile fibre with cationic dyes.
- 5. Dyeing of blended fabric with suitable dyes.
- 6. Printing of cotton fabric with direct style printing and assessment of fastness properties of printed material.
- 7. Printing of cotton fabric with discharge style printing and assessment of fastness properties of printed material.
- 8. Printing of cotton fabric with resist style printing and assessment of fastness properties of printed material.
- 9. Finishing of cotton fabric using starch and evaluation of stiffness and add-on%.
- 10. Finishing of cotton fabric using softeners and evaluation of drape and add-on%.
- 11. Crease Proofing of cotton fabric and evaluation of crease recovery angle.
- 12. Assessment of shrinkage of woven and knitted fabrics.
- 13. Finishing of cotton fabric with anti-pilling finish and evaluation of pilling.

- 14. Finishing of cotton fabric with water repellent finish and evaluation of wetting angle.
- 15. Finishing of cotton fabric with flame retardant finish and evaluation of LOI.
- 16. Finishing of cotton fabric with soil release finish and measure the ability of fabric to release oily stains during home laundering.
- 17. Determination of the colour difference and colour strength value of dyed material using computer colour matching system
  - 9. Non-Credit course (Essence of Indian traditional Knowledge/ Constitution of India)
    - a) Essence of Indian traditional Knowledge BNC601)

## **Course objective**

The course aims at imparting basic principles of thought process, reasoning and inferencing. Sustainability is at the core of Indian Traditional knowledge Systems connecting society and nature. Holistic life style of yogic science and wisdom capsules in Sanskrit literature are also important in modern society with rapid technological advancements and societal disruptions. Part-I focuses on introduction to Indian Knowledge Systems, Indian perspective of modern scientific world-view, and basic principles of Yoga and holistic health care system.

#### Course Contents

- Basic structure of Indian Knowledge System: (i) वेद, (ii) उपवेद ँद, ँद, ग¤धवँद (आयव धनव धनव \थापःृय आtद) (iii) वेदांग (tश¾ा, कuप, tन\त, इयाकरण, uयोtतष, छद), (iv) उपाइग (धुमः शाां, मीमासा, पुराण, तक शाां)
- · Modern Science and Indian Knowledge System
- Yoga and Holistic Health care
- Case studies

## **References**

- Knowledge traditions and practices of India, CBSE Publication
- V. Sivaramakrishnan (Ed.), Cultural Heritage of India-course material, Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Mumbai. 5th Edition, 2014
- Swami Jitatmanand, Modern Physics and Vedantharativa Vidya Bhavan
- Swami Jitatmanand, Holistic Science and Vedantharatiya Vidya Bhavan
- Fritz of Capra, Tao of Physics
- Fritz of Capra, The Wave oflife
- VN Jha (Eng. Trans.), Tarkasangraha of Annam Bhatta, International Chinmay Foundation, Velliarnad, Arnakulam
- Yoga Sutra of Patanjali, Ramakrishna Mission, Kolkata
- GN Jha (Eng. Trans.), Ed. RN Jha, Yoga-darshanam with Vyasa Bhashya, Vidyanidhi Prakashan, Delhi2016
- RN Jha, Science of Consciousness Psychotherapy and Yoga Practices, Vidyanidhi Prakashan, Delhi2016
- P B Sharma (English translation), Shodashang Hridayan

**Pedagogy**: Problem based learning, group discussions, collaborative mini

projects. **Outcome:** Ability to understand, connect up and explain basics of Indian traditional knowledge in modern scientific perspective.

## b) Constitution of India (2 0 0) (BNC 602) Non-Credit

The Constitution of India is the supreme law of India. Parliament of India cannot make any law which violates the Fundamental Rights enumerated under the Part III of the Constitution. The Parliament of India has been empowered to amend the Constitution under Article 368; however, it cannot use this power to change the "basic structure" of the

constitution, which has been ruled and explained by the Supreme Court of India in its historical judgments. The Constitution of India reflects the idea of "Constitutionalism" – a modern and progressive concept historically developed by the thinkers of "liberalism" - an ideology which has been recognized as one of the most popular political ideology and result of historical struggles against arbitrary use of sovereign power by state. The historic revolutions in France, England, America and particularly European Renaissance and Reformation movement have resulted into progressive legal reforms in the form of "constitutionalism" in many countries. The Constitution of India was made by borrowing models and principles from many countries including United Kingdom and America. The Constitution of India is not only a legal document, but it also reflects social, political and economic perspectives of the Indian Society. It reflects India's legacy of "diversity". It has been said that Indian constitution reflects ideals of its freedom movement, however, few critics have argued that it does not truly incorporate our own ancient legal heritage and cultural values. No law can be "static" and therefore the Constitution of India has also been amended more than one hundred times. These amendments reflect political, social and economic developments since the year 1950. The Indian judiciary and particularly the Supreme Court of India has played an historic role as the guardian of people. It has been protecting not only basic ideals of the Constitution but also strengthened the same through progressive interpretations of the text of the Constitution. The judicial activism of the Supreme Court of India and its historic contributions has been recognized throughout the world and it gradually made it "as one of the strongest courts in the world".

#### **Course content**

- 1. Meaning of the constitution law and constitutionalism
- 2. Historical perspective of the Constitution of India
- 3. Salient features and characteristics of the Constitution of India
- 4. Scheme of the fundamental rights
- 5. The scheme of the Fundamental Duties and its legal status
- 6. The Directive Principles of State Policy Its importance and implementation
- 7. Federal structure and distribution of legislative and financial powers between the Union and the States
- 8. Parliamentary Form of Government in India The constitution powers and status of the President of India
- 9. Amendment of the Constitutional Powers and Procedure
- 10. The historical perspectives of the constitutional amendments in India
- 11. Emergency Provisions: National Emergency, President Rule, Financial Emergency

- 12. Local Self Government Constitutional Scheme in India
- 13. Scheme of the Fundamental Right to Equality
- 14. Scheme of the Fundamental Right to certain Freedom under Article 19
- 15. Scope of the Right to Life and Personal Liberty under Article21.

## 10. MOOCS (Essential for Honors degree)